Component 1 - Preparing to take part in sport and physical activity

LAA – explore types of provision of sport and physical activity for different types of participant

Sports (Individual & Team)

Competitive activities involving:

- Physical exertion
- Rules and regulations
- Have a National Governing Body (NGB

Physical Benefits:

- Improved fitness
- Become stronger

Mental Benefits:

- Improved confidence
- Improved leadership skills
- Become more resilient

Social Benefits:

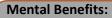
- Develop team working skills
- Meet new people

Outdoor Activities

- Completed in the outdoors
- Recreational
- Adventurous

Physical Benefits:

Learn new skills



- Risk taking
- Self confidence
- Self esteem
- Time away from life stress

Social Benefits:

- Develop team working skills
- Meet new people

Physical Fitness Activities

Public

Local authorities/schools

- Local authorities (local

the public sector

communities

locations

facilities

council) provide funding for

- They implement schemes

that are relevant to the local

- Provides sport for all

- Affordable access to

to improve other local

sports/physical activities

- Good facilities in accessible

-The money the facility makes

goes back to the government

Activities to increase fitness

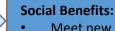


Physical Benefits:

- Improved fitness Improved body composition
- Improved health

Mental Benefits:

- Self confidence
- Self esteem
- Set realistic goals



Meet new people

Types of Provision

Private Organisations for profit

- Providers that aim to make a profit from the services they provide
- Often associated with fitness centres
- Facilities are modern to justify high fees
- Access is limited due to costing a lot and in limited locations
- **Employees are paid** for their services
- Owners make a significant profit which is used to improve equipment/facilities
- Private organisations often work with other businesses in the area to gain discounts/special rates to build relationships/gain custom

Voluntary Volunteers with a common interest

- -Provides sport for all
- Generally free (possibly a small fee to hire equipment/facilities)
- Employers give up their time voluntarily and have a passion for sport (often been involved in sport themselves)
- -Employers are not paid
- -Kit/equipment is often quite poor due to limited funding
- Grants are available to clubs to improve
- -The voluntary organisations work together to prove competitions for participants

Advantages and Disadvantages of Provision

Private

(+ & -)

(+ & -)

Lots of sports offered

Public

- Accessible locations
- Affordable for all
- Good facilities/equipment to use
- Government funded to improve facilities
- Professionals to support/deliver schemes of work
- **Busy facilities**

- Modern facilities and equipment
- Facilities and equipment are often updated
- Access to professional trainers/teachers/therapists
 - Not as busy when taking part
- Refreshments available
- Not available for all
- Expensive to join/take part



Everyone can take part

Voluntary

(+ & -)

- Cheap
- Not as many sports on offer/available
- Working with passionate individuals who enjoy sport
- Poor facilities/equipment
- No access to refreshments
- No access to professionals to lead sessions



Component 1 - Preparing to take part in sport and physical activity

LAA – explore types of provision of sport and physical activity for different types of participant

Cost	Access to sport/PA	Time	Personal barriers	Cultural barriers	Cost	Access to sport/PA	Time	Personal barriers	Cultural barriers
- Clothing - Equipment - Transport	- Location of sport - Limited access to transportation - Resources - Types of sports available	- Family - School - Work commitments	 Body image Lack of self-confidence Parental/guardi an influence Limited pervious participation Low fitness levels Extended time off from participation Concerns about health and making an existing condition worse. 	 Single sex sport sessions Social norms of participating in unconventional clothing and availability of clothing Lack of role models from own cultural background 	- Discounted prices - Hiring equipment - Free car parking	 Public transport discounts Cycle hire to access facility Free parking Taster days Staff training to support participants and their needs Ramps Increased range of provision Assistive technology (pool hoist, braille information/sign age, hearing loops) 	- Extended opening hours	 Private changing rooms Allowing participants to wear comfortable clothing Use a variety of images of people with different body shapes Parent and child activity sessions to create familial culture Campaigns to increase participation 	 Women only sessions staffed by females Diversity of staff Staff training for cultural awareness
			Marking grid – Compone	nt 1					

Children and young people aged 5 to 18 should: aim for an average of at least 60 minutes of moderate or vigorous intensity physical activity a day across the week and take part in a variety of types and intensities of physical activity across the week to develop movement skills, muscles and bones.

Mark

Adults should aim to:

do strengthening activities that work all the major muscle groups on at least 2 days a week do at least 150 minutes of moderate intensity activity a week or 75 minutes of vigorous intensity activity a week

	Band 0	Mark Band 1	Mark Band 2	Mark Band 3	Mark Band 4	Band 0	Mark Band 1	Mark Band 2	Mark Band 3	Mark Band 4
			lar sport or physical activity for provision of sport and physical				ō		different types of sports partic activity for different types of p	•
	0 marks	1 – 3 marks	4 – 6 marks	7 – 9 marks	10 – 12 marks	0	1 – 3 marks	4 – 6 marks	7 – 9 marks	10 – 12 marks
e		Limited application of knowledge and understanding of suitable physical activities for the needs of a selected participant and the type of sport and activity provision. Evidenced through: • basic account to justify the chosen physical activities with little relevance of how it meets the needs of the selected participant • basic account of the characteristics and advantages and disadvantages of the type of provision with little relevance to the chosen physical activities and selected participant.	Adequate application of knowledge and understanding of suitable physical activities for the needs of a selected participant and the type of sport and activity provision. Evidenced through: partially developed account to justify the chosen physical activities with some relevance of how it meets the needs of the selected participant. partially developed account of the characteristic sand advantages and disadvantages of the type of provision with some relevance to the chosen physical activities and selected participant.	Good application of knowledge and understanding of suitable physical activities for the needs of a selected participant and the type of sport and activity provision. Evidenced through: • mostly developed account to justify the chosen physical activities mostly relevant to how it meets the needs of the selected participant • mostly developed account of the characteristics and advantages and disadvantages of the type of provision mostly relevant to the chosen physical activities and selected participant.	Comprehensive application of knowledge and understanding of suitable physical activities for the needs of a selected participant and the type of sport and activity provision. Evidenced through: • well-developed account to justify the chosen physical activities with specific relevance to how it meets the needs of the selected participant • well-developed account of the characteristics and advantages and disadvantages of the type of provision with specific relevance to the chosen physical activities and selected participant.	No rewardable material	Limited application of knowledge and understanding of the barriers to participation for a selected participant and methods to overcome these barriers. Evidenced through: • basic account of barriers to participation with little relevance to the selected participant • basic account of methods to overcome barriers to participation with little relevance to the selected participant	Adequate application of knowledge and understanding of the barriers to participation for a selected participant and methods to overcome these barriers. Evidenced through: • partially developed account of barriers to participation with some relevance to the selected participant • partially developed account of methods to overcome barriers to participation with some relevance to the selected participant	Good application of knowledge and understanding of the barriers to participation for a selected participant and methods to overcome these barriers. Evidenced through: • mostly developed account of barriers to participation mostly relevant to the selected participant • mostly developed account of methods to overcome barriers to participation mostly relevant to the selected participant	Comprehensive application of knowledge and understanding of the barriers to participation for a selected participant and methods to overcome these barriers. Evidenced through: • well-developed account of barriers to participation with specific relevance to the selected participant. • well-developed account of methods to overcome barriers to participation with specific relevance to the selected participant.

with disabilities:

Officiating equipment:

Performance analysis:

1 - 3 marks

knowledge and understanding

of the types of sports clothing,

equipment and technology

participant to take part in a

choices of sports clothing and

activity with little relevance to

the selected participant and

a basic account to justify the

part in the chosen physical

choices of technology to take

activity with little relevance to

the selected participant and

chosen physical activity

chosen physical activity

equipment required to take

part in the chosen physical

Limited application of

required for a selected

hosen physical activity.

Evidenced through:

4 - 6 marks

nowledge and understanding

a partially developed accoun

to justify the choices of sports

of the types of sports clothing

equipment and technology

participant to take part in a

clothing and equipment

some relevance to the

selected participant and

chosen physical activity

to justify the choices of

technology to take part in

the chosen physical activity

with some relevance to the

selected participant and

a partially developed acco

required to take part in the

chosen physical activity with

hosen physical activity.

videnced through:

equired for a selected

Adequate application of

Facilities:

activity

marks

- Indoor sports hall/gyms, outdoor pitches, climbing walls, snow domes - Computer assisted systems, VAR

- Action cameras, GPS, sensors on clothing/equipment Mark Band 2 Mark Band 3 Mark Band 4 Task 2: Equipment and technology required for participants to use when taking part in sport and physical activity (continued) Learning outcome B: Examine equipment and technology required for participants to use when taking part in sport and physical

a mostly developed account

of the benefits and limitations

hearing and visual impairments

E.g all weather pitches

in the chosen physical activity with little relevance to the selected participant and chosen physical activity.

Mark Band 1



of using technology for of using technology for participation in the chosen participation in the chosen physical activity which is physical activity with specific mostly relevant to the relevance to the selected selected participant and participant and chosen chosen physical activity. physical activity.

a well-developed account

of the benefits and limitations

- Stimulate environments to replicate competition in other locations.

-Cost: initial cost is expensive and maintenance -Accuracy of data -Usability: specific training required

- Usability (specific training required)

-Time: setting up, using equipment, compiling date,

-Access to technology: equality and unfair advantages

- Accessibility due to cost

- Accessibility due to cost

giving feedback to participant

as not everyone has technology

- Cost

- Cost

Mark Band 4 Band Task 2: Equipment and technology required for participants to use when taking part in sport and physical activity Learning outcome B: Examine equipment and technology required for participants to use when taking part in sport and physical activity 7 - 9 marks 10 - 12 marks Good application of knowledge Comprehensive application of and understanding of the types knowledge and understanding of sports clothing, equipment of the types of sports clothing, and technology required for a equipment and technology selected participant to take part required for a selected in a chosen physical activity participant to take part in a chosen physical activity Evidenced through: a mostly developed account Evidenced through: to justify the choices of sports a well-developed account clothing and equipment to justify the choices of sports required to take part in the clothing and equipment chosen physical activity which required to take part in the is mostly relevant to the chosen physical activity with selected participant and specific relevance to the chosen physical activity selected participant and chosen physical activity. a mostly developed account a well-developed account to justify the choices of technology to take part in the to justify the choices of chosen physical activity which technology to take part in the is mostly relevant to the chosen physical activity with selected participant and specific relevance to the chosen physical activity selected participant and chosen physical activity

- Whistle, microphone, earpiece

- Smart watches, heart rate monitors, applications

a basic account of the benefits a partially developed account and limitations of using of the benefits and limitations technology for participation of using technology for

Component 1 - Preparing to take part in sport and physical activity

LAC - be able to prepare participants to take part in sport and physical activity **Preparation stretches**

Activities to raise the pulse (increase	Activities that take your joints through	Static Stretches	-a a-
HR)	their full range of movement starting	Triceps	
 Jogging forwards 	with small movements moving to	Calf	and M
logging backwards	bigger movements	Hamstring	

Mobiliser

Side steps Hip circles

Pulse Raiser

Justification of activities/responses

to cardiorespiratory and

musculoskeletal system

Responses to the Cardiorespiratory

Skipping High knees

Heel flicks

system:

system:

- Increased HR

working muscles

-Increased breathing rate

-Increased depth of breathing

-Increased supply of oxygen to

-Increased removal of lactic acid

Responses to the Musculoskeletal

-Increased temperature of muscles

4 - 6 marks

of planning a warm-up for a thosen physical activity for

lan with some relevance to

the selected participant and

chosen physical activity

ardiorespiratory and

o the warm-up.

denced through

-Increased pliability of muscles

-Reduced risk of muscle strain

- Arm circles
- Open the gate

Mark Band 4

10 - 12 marks

the warm-up.

enced through:

with specific relevance to

osen obvisical activity

cted participant and

7 - 9 marks

i-un for a chosen phys

a mostly detailed warm-up plan which is mostly relevant to the selected participant and

hosen physical activity

and understanding of pla

videnced through

- Close the gate



to cardiorespiratory and

musculoskeletal system

Justification of activities/responses to cardiorespiratory and musculoskeletal system

Responses to the Cardiorespiratory Responses to the Cardiorespiratory system: - Slight drop in HR and breathing rate

- system: - Slight drop in HR as intensity lowers - Slight drop in breathing rate as
- intensity lowers

Maintained elevated heart and breathing rate for dynamic stretches

for static stretches

Responses to the Musculoskeletal system:

- Increased production of synovial fluid in the joints to increase lubrication of joint and range of movement

teaching points to suppor

support to participants w taking part in a warm-up.

Responses to the Musculoskeletal system:

- Extending muscles so they are full stretched reduces injuries (eg. Strains)

Pectorals Biceps **Erector Spinae** Abdominals Hip Flexors Obliques Gluteus Maximus Quadriceps Gastrocnemius Cardiovascular system (heart) Respiratory system (lungs) Muscular system (muscles) Skeletal system (bones)

Adapting warm ups for different participants/activities

Participants

- -Varying intensities
- -Low and high impact
- -Varying time for the warm up (longer for beginners/those with low fitness levels/50years+)
- -Types of stretches used (simple for beginners, compound stretch for moderate/advanced participants)

Activities

- -Introduction of equipment specific to physical activity -Using movements and activities from the
- physical activity
- -Stretching the main muscles required for the activity

Delivering a Warm Up

Limited practical ability i od practical ability in fident practical ability livering a warm-up and ering a warm-up and ring a warm-up and ning a warm-up for a videnced through: enced through: basic demonstrations of adequate demonstration omnetent demo offective demonstration activities in a warm-up with some use of appropriate wide range of appropriat

frequently provides appropriate support to

eaching points to suppor

Task 3: Preparing participants to take part in sport and physical activity - Part 2

Organisation and Demonstration

- -Space (area used)
- -Equipment
- -Organisation of participants
- -Timing
- -Demonstrations
- -Positioning

Supporting Participants

- -Observing
- -Providing instructions, teaching points and feedback to participants

Task 3: Preparing participants to take part in sport and physical activity - Part 1 1 - 3 marks Limited application of nowledge and understandin of planning a warm-up for a chosen physical activity for a selected participant and the responses of the cardiorespiratory and nusculoskeletal systems to the warm-up. Evidenced through a basic warm-up plan with little relevance to the selecte participant and chosen physical activity a **basic** account to justify the choices of activities included on the cardiorespiratory and