#### 1. What kinds of SEND do we provide for?

- We are a mainstream academy for young children aged 9 13.
- We provide support for all types of SEN and Disabilities, and some of our children have an EHCP (Educational Health Care Plan) or a statement.

# 2. What is our policy for identifying children and young people with SEND and assessing their needs, and who is the Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENDCo)?

- Our SEND policy sets out clearly what our processes for assessing needs are. It is the role of teachers, supported by the SENDCo, to assess the needs of the young person in the classroom, and to identify those who may need further support because of a learning difficulty or disability. This will routinely be done through regular on going, in class assessments, but may involve more specialised assessment or screening from our SENDCo.
- Some children have an EHCP or a statement, which clearly sets out the needs of the child.
- The SENDCo, at Henlow Church of England Academy, is Mrs Susan Jones. She can be contacted by phone on 01462 813733 or by email sjones@henlow.cbeds.co.uk

# 3. How do we consult with parents of children with SEND and involve them in their child's education?

- Parents get regular reports from the school regarding children' attitudes to learning and behaviour grades, targets, and subject specific targets.
- There are opportunities through the year at parents' consultation evenings to meet with form tutor, class teachers and the SENDCo.
- Those who are receiving specific SEND Support, as categorised by the Code of Practice 2014, will be met with by the form tutor at least three times per year to discuss progress and support either during or outside of the parent consultation evenings if more appropriate.
- Personal Provision Plans (PPP) are available and updated regularly so that parents can see interventions and progress being made.

- A form tutor and head of year acts as a key worker to facilitate regular communication with parents.
- Parents are free to contact the school at any time, either by phone, or by email to have a conversation about their child's progress in school.

# 4. How do we consult with young people with SEND and involve them in their education?

- We will always meet with a child before beginning any specific support and explain what we are doing, and why.
- We ask children at transition, when children are in Year 4 and in Year 8, how we can best support them, and this information is put into the PPPs.
- We ask children and parents for their views on their needs and record this on their PPPs.
- Children with SEND and those anxious of moving to upper school, have access to extra support and guidance during the Year 8 transition period to upper school by creating further opportunities for additional transition visits.

# 5. How do we assess and review children and young people's progress towards outcomes?

- Class teachers will regularly assess a child's progress as part of their normal practice.
- We complete reports regularly through the year for all young people, and this information is sent home to parents.
- The data generated by these reports will be scrutinised by the SENDCo after each reporting cycle so that less than expected progress can be highlighted and support put in place.
- Those children receiving specific SEND support will have their progress tracked and monitored, and this information will be fed back to the child and parent via heads of year and tutors.
- We will try to use our normal school assessment processes as much as possible so as not to overburden our young people with too many assessments.

• There may be times when we need to conduct more specialised assessments or screening in order to obtain standardised scores so that we can see if a young person needs reading or amanuensis support during formal testing such as SATs. We will always let children know this is happening and let parents know the outcome of any testing and screening.

#### 6. How do we support children and young people in moving between lower and middle school in preparation for becoming life-long learners?

- There is a well-planned programme of transition activities for those moving from Year 4 into Year 5 which are distributed to parents during the Spring term.
- The Head of Year 5 and SENDCo attend transition liaison meetings, during early spring term, at all the feeder lower schools to ascertain expected SEND need.
- School at Work open evenings present parents' with opportunity to meet informally with the SENDCo and Head of Year 5 to discuss possible future transition requirements for prospective Year 5 children.
- During transition from Year 4 we offer liaison visits in addition to the 'move up' programme that runs during the summer term for those families that feel their children would benefit from becoming more familiar with the surroundings, routines and teaching/support staff.

#### 7. What is our approach to teaching children and young people with SEND

- We want everyone in our school to make excellent progress, and to achieve the very best that they can, in all aspects of their all-round education, regardless of any Special Educational Needs or Disabilities that they may have. We have high aspirations for all of our children.
- This means that there is complete equality of opportunity in the curriculum that is offered to children.
- We believe that high quality teaching will ensure high quality outcomes for children, so it is essential that children with SEND have access to the same high quality teaching as everyone else in the school.
- It also means that we will work really hard with young people with SEND to put in place extra provisions to ensure the best possible outcomes for them, and to remove any barriers to learning that they may be facing.

These may include barriers related to the child themselves, and also those in the learning environment.

# 8. How have we adapted the curriculum and the learning environment of children and young people with SEND

- The curriculum is very broad and exciting at our school and, as such, there is something available for all children to follow.
- We currently offer options to our Year 7s and Year 8s, such as engineering, a range of foreign languages, uniformed public services, catch up maths/English and many more.
- Our intervention strategy has been designed to offer support within Maths, English and literacy rich subjects – giving teacher's the professional responsibility of ensuring targeted support and curriculum planning to supply quality first teaching directly to SEND groups or to those where the need lies.
- Henlow Academy is fully accessible and meets all the requirements of the Equalities Act 2010.

# 9. What is the expertise of staff to support children and young people with SEND and how do we continue to train them. How do we secure specialist expertise?

- Mrs Sue Jones is in her second year as the SENDCo at Henlow Church of England Academy.
- Mrs Jones is currently a school governor, sitting on the Curriculum & Personnel committee at Henlow Church of England Academy but crucially she is also on the Extended Senior Leadership Team, able to share her expertise directly with all of the senior leaders.
- Staff are encouraged to continue to train as part of their own performance management, and we have undertaken in house training on areas such as dyslexia, work differentiation and national SEND reform.
- Specialist, outreach support and training have also been provided to develop whole school understanding of Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD) and Asperger's.

- As part of our middle and upper school liaison, Henlow Church of England Academy runs termly training for all staff on different aspects of SEND Practice.
- Henlow Church of England Academy hosts and leads Professional Study Groups (PSGs) with teachers and support staff attending from lower, middle and upper schools in order to develop pedagogical skills which directly impact upon the classroom.

# 10. How do we know how effective our provision for children and young people with SEND is?

- We do not profess to get it right for every child every time especially as the needs of each child will be different. Crucially, we listen and react upon feedback from children, parents and professionals. We aim to coproduce and tailor the needs of our children.
- Feedback from lower and upper school, pre and post transition is extremely important to us. The communication with other SENDCos in the learning community allows SEND provision and transition in this school to be adjusted for the betterment of all children.
- As part of the normal school development and self-review cycle we will carefully examine the data from test results, whole school surveys and teacher observations to evaluate the effectiveness of the provision
- Every year, the government produces a document called "Raise online" which is a booklet of data all about our school. This is used as a key tool to examine how effective the provision is.

#### 11. What do we do to make sure children and young people with SEND are enabled to engage in activities available with children and young people in the school who do not have SEND?

- There are no barriers for any children with SEND for our activities in school.
- We actively encourage children with SEND to take part fully in the life of the school.
- We are a fully inclusive school and encourage all of our children to access our excellent lunchtime and after school clubs. All of which are run by teaching staff on a voluntary basis. We usually have 50 or so clubs that children can chose from.

 SportAbility is a competition where we see children from our school compete in events showcased in the Paralympics of 2012. The social and emotional experiences that this gives our children is phenomenal – especially when they realise that they have been given an opportunity to represent the school at a sporting event!

# 12.What support have we got in place for improving emotional and social development of our children?

- Our wrap-around pastoral care system allows for the early identification of possible issues.
- The form tutor, pastoral and intervention leader, head of year and Senior Leadership Team work exceptionally closely with the parents to ensure effective dialogue is in place from the outset.
- Art therapy trained support staff engage with children during noninvasive 1:1 sessions, allowing emotional and social skills problems to be addressed.
- A professionally trained school counsellor works under the direction of the SENDCo who initiates sessions if a need has been identified.
- Our anti- bullying policy sets out our approach to bullying.
- SportAbility, mentioned previously allows the school to address emotional and social issues by targeting specific children to attend and represent the school.

# 13. How do we involve other bodies, including health and social care bodies, local authority support services and voluntary sector organisations, in meeting children and young people's SEND and how do we support families?

- We draw on a range of local providers such as:
- CBC SEND Parent and Young Person Partnership Service
- NHS, Union Street Clinic, local GPs, School Nurse.
- CAMHS
- Children's Social Care
- $\circ$  Early Help Intervention from CBC
- Education Psychology Service
- Outreach service from Ivel Valley School
- ASD specialist teacher from Ivel Valley School
- Virtual School

• CHUMS

- There are many others that we can access from time to time to help us secure the best possible support for our young people.
- They may come in and help us with assessments, providing advice as needed, or they may be alternative providers.

# 14. What arrangements are in place for handling complaints from parents of children with SEND about the provision made at the school?

• The school has a Complaints Policy, which on the website.

#### 15. SEND Local Offer

Central Bedfordshire's information regarding SEND and their Local Offer can be accessed via the link below:

http://www.centralbedfordshire.gov.uk/learning/local-offer/default.aspx

#### An A to Z of Special Educational Needs Abbreviations:

Please note that this is not an exhaustive list, however they are some of the common abbreviations used within school.

#### <u>A</u>

ADD Attention Deficit Disorder

ADHD Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

AfL Assessment for Learning

AGT Able, Gifted and Talented

APD Auditory Processing Disorder

AS Asperger Syndrome

ASD Autistic Spectrum Disorder

AT Attainment Target

#### <u>B</u>

BDA British Dyslexia Association

#### <u>C</u>

CAF

Common Assessment Framework

CAMH Community & Adolescent Mental Health Service

CATs Cognitive Ability Tests

CDC Child Development Centre

CiC Children in Care

CiN Children in Need

CLA Child Looked After

CLD Complex Learning Difficulties

CoP Code of Practice

CP Cerebral Palsy

CP Child Protection

CPD Continuing Professional Development

#### <u>D</u>

DfE Department for Education

DS Down Syndrome

DSD Developmental Co-ordination Disorder (Dyspraxia)

DST Dyslexia Screening Test

# <u>E</u>

EAL English as an Additional Language

ECM Every Child Matters

EFL English as a Foreign Language

EHCP Educational Health Care Plan

EO Equal Opportunities

EP Educational Psychologist

EPS Educational Psychology Service

ESN Educationally Subnormal (obsolete)

#### <u>F</u>

FAITH Focusing on Autism in the Home

FE Further Education

FLS Further Literacy Support

FSM Free School Meals

#### <u>G</u>

G & T Gifted and Talented

GDD

Global Developmental Delay

#### <u>H</u>

HD Huntington's Disease

HD Hyperactivity Disorder

HLTA Higher Level Teaching Assistants

HoD Head of Department

HoY Head of Year

HSA Home School Agreement

HT Head Teacher

Ī

ICT Information and Communications Technology

IEP Individual Education Plan

INSET

In Service Training

IS Irlen Syndrome

# <u>K</u>

KS Key Stage

#### L

LA Local Authority

CLA Child Looked After

LD Learning Difficulty

LEA Local Education Authority

LSA Learning Support Assistant

LTM Long Term Memory

#### <u>M</u>

MDS Mid-day Supervisor

MFL Modern Foreign Languages

MLD Moderate Learning Difficulties

MND Motor Neurone Disease

#### <u>N</u>

NAS National Autistic Society

NASEN National Association for Special Educational Needs

NC National Curriculum

NLS National Literacy Strategy

NNS National Numeracy Strategy

NQT Newly Qualified Teacher

#### <u>0</u>

ODD Oppositional Defiance Disorder

OfSTED Office for Standards in Education

OT Occupational Therapy

#### <u>P</u>

PATOSS Professional Association of Teachers of SpLD Students

PD Physical Difficulty

PDD Pervasive Developmental Disorder

PDA Pathological Demand Avoidance Syndrome

PEP Personal Education Plan

PI Physically Impaired

PIVATS Performance Indicators for Value Added Target Setting

PMD Physical and Medical Difficulties

PMLD Profound and Multiple Learning Difficulties

PoS Programme of Study

PPP Personal Provision Plan

PRU Pupil Referral Unit

P-Scale Performance (below NC level 1) Scale

PSHE Personal, Social and Health Education

PSI Physical and Sensory Impairment

PSLD Physical and Severe Learning Difficulties

PSP Pastoral Support Programme

PTSD Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder

PX Permanent Exclusion

### <u>R</u>

RA Reading Age

RE Religious Education

RNIB Royal National Institute for the Blind

RNID Royal National Institute for the Deaf

RoA Record of Achievement

S Statement (of Special Educational Needs)

S&L Speech and Language

SA Spelling Age

SALT Speech and Language Therapist

SATs Standard Assessment Tasks

SCD Severe Communication Difficulties

SCLD Social communication and language disorder

SEAL Social and Emotional Aspects of Learning

SEF Self-Evaluation Form

SEMH Social, Emotional and Mental Health

SEN Special Educational Needs

SENCO Special Educational Needs Coordinator

SEND Special Educational Needs and Disability

SIMS Schools Information Management System

SLCN Speech, Language and Communication Needs

SLD Severe Learning Difficulties

SMART targets, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, Timed

SoW Scheme of Work

SpLD Specific Learning Difficulties

STM Short Term Memory

### Ī

TA Teaching Assistant

TES Traveller Education Service

TLR Teaching and Learning Responsibility

TS Tourette Syndrome

### <u>v</u>

VAK Visual-Auditory-Kinaesthetic

VLE Virtual Learning Environment

VI Visual Impairment